MOUSSAIEFF JEWELLERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A Moussaieff

S Moussaieff

Secretary

R Gupta

Company number

753013

Registered office

2nd Floor

32 Wigmore Street

London W1U 2RP

Auditors

Harold Everett Wreford

Second Floor 32 Wigmore Street London W1U 2RP

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be the retail and wholesale of jewellery.

The results for the year were considered satisfactory by the directors.

Key performance indicators include: Turnover £94,831,263 (2008 - £71,576,700) Gross Profit £30,324,477 (2008 - £22,803,734) Profit after taxation £11,504,087 (2008 - £8,575,611)

The position of the company at the balance sheet date can be summarised as follows: Net shareholders' funds £93,745,338 (2008 - £82,291,251)

The company's principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, bank overdrafts, trade creditors, trade debtors and loans to the company. Due to the nature of the financial instruments there is no exposure to price risk. In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of overdrafts at affordable rates of interest. Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due. The company manages its currency risk exposure via its foreign currency bank accounts by only dealing in stable currencies.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

Interim ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £50,000. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Future developments

There were no plans for any significant changes in the activity of the company.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2008:

A Moussaieff

S Moussaieff

Charitable donations	2009	2008
	£	£
During the year the company made the following payments:		
Charitable donations	19,325	28,411
		

The recipients, amounts and purpose of the charitable donations are as follows:

2009 - British Friends of the Sheba Medical Centre at Tel Hashomer £18,325 - funding a medical facility in Israel

2009 - Education for the Children Foundation £1,000 - helping poor children in Central America

2008 - Monte Carlo Friends of Chaim Sheba Medical Centre Tel Hashomer £26,911- funding a medical facility in Israel

2008 - British Wizo £1,000 - funding social welfare work in Israel

2008 - Cancer Research UK £500 - funding cancer research in the UK

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

Taxation status

The company was a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and this position has not changed since the end of the financial year.

Auditors

In accordance with the Company's Articles, a resolution proposing that Harold Everett Wreford be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware:

- (a) there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

A Moussaieff
Director
28 January 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MOUSSAIEFF JEWELLERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Moussaieff Jewellers Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 set out on pages 5 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Hwold Everett Wreford

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MOUSSAIEFF JEWELLERS LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and

Harold Everett Wreford

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

28 January 2010

Second Floor 32 Wigmore Street London W1U 2RP

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover	2	94,831,263	71,576,700
Cost of sales		(64,506,786)	(48,772,966)
Gross profit		30,324,477	22,803,734
Distribution costs		(4,797,142)	(2,163,152)
Administrative expenses		(8,892,670)	(7,373,777)
Other operating income		161,744	73,023
Operating profit	3	16,796,409	13,339,828
Other interest receivable and similar income	4	155	~
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(754,489)	(1,074,979)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		16,042,075	12,264,849
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(4,537,988)	(3,689,238)
Profit for the year	15	11,504,087	8,575,611

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2009

		200	2009		2008
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		2,291,714		2,627,684
Current assets					
Stocks	9	118,493,828		107,842,564	
Debtors	10	12,137,787		11,257,400	
Cash at bank and in hand		35,864		35,002	
		130,667,479		119,134,966	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(35,213,855)		(34,471,399)	
Net current assets			95,453,624		84,663,567
Total assets less current liabilities			97,745,338		87,291,251
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(4,000,000)		(5,000,000)
,			02.745.220		82,291,251
			93,745,338		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account	15		93,735,338		82,281,251
Shareholders' funds	16		93,745,338		82,291,251
Distriction and the second					

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 28 January 2010

A Moussaieff

Director

Company Registration No. 753013

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

	£	2009 £	£	2008 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		5,653,101		(3,560,533)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	155		-	
Interest paid	(754,489) ————		(1,074,979) ————	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		(754,334)		(1,074,979)
Taxation		(1,900,000)		(3,615,345)
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible assets	(9,346)		(23,995)	
Receipts from sales of tangible assets	1,099		99	
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure		(8,247)		(23,896)
Equity dividends paid		(50,000)		(160,000)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing		2,940,520		(8,434,753)
Financing				
New long term bank loan	-		6,000,000 1,000,000	
Other new short term loans	(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)	
Repayment of long term bank loan	(1,000,000)			
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing		(1,000,000)		6,000,000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		1,940,520		(2,434,753)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflactivities	low/(outflow) from	operating	2009	2008
				£	£
	Operating profit			16,796,409	13,339,828
	Depreciation of tangible assets			343,692	401,402
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets			525	6,093
	Increase in stocks			(10,651,264)	(4,754,707)
	Increase in debtors			(880,387)	(4,087,319)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors within one year			44,126	(8,465,830)
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activity	ties		5,653,101	(3,560,533)
2	Analysis of net debt	1 April 2008	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes	31 March 2009
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:	35,002	862	_	35,864
	Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	(17,483,645)	1,939,658	-	(15,543,987)
	Dank Overdrates				<u> </u>
		(17,448,643)	1,940,520		(15,508,123)
	Debt:				4.000.000
	Debts falling due within one year	(1,000,000)	-	and the same of th	(1,000,000)
	Debts falling due after one year	(5,000,000)	1,000,000	-	(4,000,000)
		(6,000,000)	1,000,000	-	(5,000,000)
	Net debt	(23,448,643)	2,940,520	-	(20,508,123)
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in	net debt		2009	2008
J	Reconciliation of net cash now to movement an			£	£
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year			1,940,520	(2,434,753)
	Cash outflow/(inflow) from decrease/(increase) in	debt		1,000,000	(6,000,000)
	Movement in net debt in the year			2,940,520	(8,434,753)
	Opening net debt			(23,448,643)	(15,013,890)
	Closing net debt			(20,508,123)	(23,448,643)
	6 ·				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Improvements to premises

10% Reducing balance.

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

20% Reducing balance.

Motor vehicles

20% Reducing balance.

1.5 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Pensions

The costs of providing pension benefits are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

1.8 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.9 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

1.10 Debtors

Known bad debts are written off and provision is made for any considered to be doubtful.

2 Turnover

	2009	2008
	£	£
Geographical market		
United Kingdom	22,109,959	5,166,702
Rest of the World	72,721,304	66,409,998
rest of the world		
	94,831,263	71,576,700

Turnover is the total amount, excluding value added tax, receivable by the company in the ordinary course of business for goods supplied and services provided as a principal. An analysis of turnover by geographical market is provided above.

3	Operating profit	2009	2008
•	opposite the state of the state	£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	343,692	401,402
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets	525	6,093
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	9,855,154	1,066,836
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Plant and machinery	9,612	9,612
	- Other assets	1,491,281	1,474,268
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	17,500	22,500
4	Investment income Other interest	2009 £ 155	2008 £
5	Interest payable	2009 £	2008 £
		312,084	835,829
	On bank loans and overdrafts	259,866	
	On other loans wholly repayable within five years	182,539	236,317
	On overdue tax	-	2,833
	Other interest		
		754,489	1,074,979

6	Taxation	2009	2008
		£	£
	Domestic current year tax		
	U.K. corporation tax	4,537,988	3,687,496
	Adjustment for prior years		1,742
	Current tax charge	4,537,988	3,689,238
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	16,042,075	12,264,849
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 28.00% (2008 - 30.00%)	4,491,781	3,679,455
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	36,375	36,558
	Depreciation add back	96,381	120,421
	Capital allowances	(86,549)	(148,938)
	Adjustments to previous periods	-	1,742 ————
		46,207	9,783
	Current tax charge	4,537,988	3,689,238
7	Dividends	2009	2008
,	Dividends	£	£
	Ordinary interim paid 28 October 2008	20,000	-
	Ordinary interim paid 23 February 2009	30,000	-
	Ordinary interim paid 2 October 2007	-	100,000
	Ordinary interim paid 5 February 2008	-	60,000

8	Tangible fixed assets	Improvements to premises	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2008 Additions	2,411,813	1,531,968 9,346	72,952 -	4,016,733 9,346
	Disposals			(15,658)	(15,658)
	At 31 March 2009	2,411,813	1,541,314	57,294	4,010,421
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2008 On disposals	607,154	743,356	38,539 (14,034)	1,389,049 (14,034)
	Charge for the year	180,466	156,668	6,558	343,692
	At 31 March 2009	787,620	900,024	31,063	1,718,707
	Net book value	1 (0/ 103	< 41 200	26 221	2,291,714
	At 31 March 2009	1,624,193	641,290	26,231	
	At 31 March 2008	1,804,659	788,612	34,413	2,627,684
9	Stocks Finished goods and goods for resale			2009 £ 118,493,828	2008 £ 107,842,564
10	Debtors			2009 £	2008 £
	Trade debtors			10,999,867	10,023,829
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income			660,496 477,424	241,406 992,165
				12,137,787	11,257,400

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2009	2008
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	16,543,987	18,483,645
	Trade creditors	6,409,746	10,271,318
	Corporation tax	6,325,484	3,687,496
	Other taxes and social security costs	114,059	172,509
	Directors' current accounts	20,146	24,869
	Amounts owed to Kevess S.A.	3,947,462	1,482,352
	Accruals and deferred income	1,852,971	349,210
		35,213,855	34,471,399
	Debt due in one year or less	1,000,000	1,000,000
12	The bank loans, overdrafts and other loans are secured by fixed and floating de Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	ebentures on the assets of th	e company.
_	•	£	£
	Bank loans	4,000,000	5,000,000
	Analysis of loans		
	Analysis of loans Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments:	5,000,000	6,000,000
			
		5,000,000 5,000,000 (1,000,000)	6,000,000 6,000,000 (1,000,000
	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments:	5,000,000	6,000,000
	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments:	5,000,000 (1,000,000)	6,000,000
	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments: Included in current liabilities	5,000,000 (1,000,000)	6,000,000
13	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments: Included in current liabilities Loan maturity analysis In more than five years Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments	5,000,000 (1,000,000) 4,000,000	6,000,000 (1,000,000 5,000,000
13	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments: Included in current liabilities Loan maturity analysis In more than five years	5,000,000 (1,000,000) 4,000,000	6,000,000 (1,000,000 5,000,000
13	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments: Included in current liabilities Loan maturity analysis In more than five years Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments	5,000,000 (1,000,000) 4,000,000	6,000,000 (1,000,000 5,000,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

14	Share capital	2009	2008
	Authorised	£	£
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
15	Statement of movements on profit and loss account	P	rofit and loss account
			£
	Balance at 1 April 2008		82,281,251
	Profit for the year		11,504,087
	Dividends paid		(50,000)
	Balance at 31 March 2009		93,735,338
16	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2009 £	2008 £
	Profit for the financial year	11,504,087	8,575,611
	Dividends	(50,000)	(160,000)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	11,454,087	8,415,611
	Opening shareholders' funds	82,291,251	73,875,640
	Closing shareholders' funds	93,745,338	82,291,251
	Growing Grigorian Terren		

17 Contingent liabilities

The company has contingent liabilities in respect of guarantees of £600,000 (2008:£600,000) given to H.M. Customs and Excise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

18 Financial commitments

director:

Emoluments for qualifying services

At 31 March 2009 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 March 2010:

		Land and buildings			
		2009	2008		
		£	£		
	Operating leases which expire:				
	Within one year	-	400,000		
	Between two and five years	400,000	-		
	In over five years	1,025,000	1,025,000		
		1,425,000	1,425,000		
19	Directors' emoluments	2009	2008		
		£	£		
	Emoluments for qualifying services	508,433	508,001		
	The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase pension schemes amounted to 2 (2008 - 2).				
	Emoluments disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the high	ghest paid			

266,751

268,183

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

20 Employees

Number of employees

Employment costs	2009	2008
2. April 2000	£	£
Wages and salaries	4,383,258	3,268,258
Social security costs	542,013	401,857
ther pension costs	53,745	75,742
	4,979,016	3,745,857

21 Control

The ultimate controlling party is Mrs A Moussaieff who wholly owns the ordinary share capital of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

22 Related party transactions

During the year the following dividends were paid to the directors of the company in respect of ordinary shares

	2009	2008
	£	£
A Moussaieff	25,000	80,000
S Moussaieff	25,000	80,000

During the year the company entered into the following material transactions with Kevess S.A:

	2009	2008
	£	£
Sales	2,917,242	28,280
Purchases	7,661,455	8,137,138

Kevess S.A. is a company registered in Switzerland of which Mr. S. Moussaieff and Mrs A. Moussaief are directors and shareholders.

Any balances outstanding with the above at the year end are shown in relevant notes.

The directors have provided the company with an unlimited personal guarantee in respect of amounts due to Barclays Bank PLC.