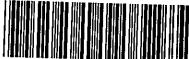
### Company Registration No 00753013 (England and Wales)

## **MOUSSAIEFF JEWELLERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013



07/03/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** A Moussaieff

S Moussaieff

Secretary R Gupta

Company number 00753013

Registered office P O Box 7010
First Floor

44 - 46 Whitfield Street

London W1A 2EA

Auditors Harold Everett Wreford LLP

1st Floor, 44 - 46 Whitfield Street

London W1T 2RJ

Bankers Barclays Bank PLC

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013

### Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be the retail and wholesale of jewellery

The results for the year were considered satisfactory by the directors

Key performance indicators include Turnover £92,453,667 (2012 - £83,341,366) Gross Profit £42,376,724 (2012 - £38,980,900) Profit after taxation £24,610,169 (2012 - £21,996,329)

The position of the company at the balance sheet date can be summarised as follows Net shareholders' funds £175,324,826 (2012 - £150,714,657)

The company's principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, bank overdrafts, trade creditors, trade debtors and loans to the company. Due to the nature of the financial instruments there is no exposure to price risk. In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of overdrafts at affordable rates of interest as well as ensuring that the business has sufficient stock to maintain sales. Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due. The company manages its currency risk exposure via its foreign currency bank accounts by only dealing in stable currencies, but does not seek to hedge any remaining exposure. Fluctuating diamond prices expose the company to the risk that the actual price paid for a diamond could be more than its current market value. The company's staff use their skill and knowledge in the purchase of high value diamonds to minimise the risk of purchasing stones that do not maintain their value. The company manages its exposure to the UK economic climate by spreading its activity to other jurisdictions.

### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5

The directors do not recommend payment of an ordinary dividend

### **Future developments**

There were no plans for any significant changes in the activity of the company

#### Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2012

A Moussaieff

S Moussaieff

### **Taxation status**

The company was a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and this position has not changed since the end of the financial year

### **Auditors**

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Harold Everett Wreford LLP be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put at a General Meeting

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

### Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware

- (a) there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

On behalf of the board

A Moussaieff
Director
S M w L 2014

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF MOUSSAIEFF JEWELLERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Moussaieff Jewellers Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 set out on pages 5 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 1 - 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF MOUSSAIEFF JEWELLERS LIMITED

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

David Scott (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Harold Everett Wreford LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 5 March 2014

1st Floor, 44 - 46 Whitfield Street London W1T 2RJ

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	92,453,667	83,341,366
Cost of sales		(50,076,943)	(44,360,466)
Gross profit		42,376,724	38,980,900
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income		(1,233,731) (7,966,730) 54,255	(1,147,956) (7,457,761) 78,443
Operating profit	3	33,230,518	30,453,626
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(812,815)	(702,545)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		32,417,703	29,751,081
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(7,807,534)	(7,754,752)
Profit for the year	13	24,610,169	21,996,329

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account

**BALANCE SHEET** 

### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2013**

		;	2013	2	2012
	Notes	3	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		1,401,759		1,557,813
Current assets					
Stocks	7	211,768,147		176,636,438	
Debtors	8	8,236,190		16,683,945	
Cash at bank and in hand		128,143		83,701	
Creditors amounts follows due within		220,132,480		193,404,084	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	(45,209,413)		(42,247,240)	
Net current assets			174,923,067		151,156,844
Total assets less current liabilities			176,324,826		152,714,657
Creditors amounts falling due after					
more than one year	10		(1,000,000)		(2,000,000)
			175,324,826		150,714,657
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account	13		175,314,826		150,704,657
Tont and loss account	13				
Shareholders' funds	14		175,324,826		150,714,657
			<del>`</del>		

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 5 M wch 2014

A Moussaieff

Director

Company Registration No. 00753013

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities		6,065,642		9,091,567
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest paid	(812,815)		(702,545)	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		(812,815)		(702,545)
Taxation		(9,553,024)		(6,945,031)
Capital expenditure				
Payments to acquire tangible assets Receipts from sales of tangible assets	(47,599) -		(13,971) 500	
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	-	(47,599)		(13,471)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		(4,347,796)		1,430,520
Financing				
Other new short term loans	3,000,000		-	
Repayment of long term bank loan Repayment of other short term loans	(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing		2,000,000		(1,000,000)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		(2,347,796)		430,520

# NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to net ca	sh inflow from c	perating	2013	2012
	activities			£	£
	Operating profit			33,230,518	30,453,626
	Depreciation of tangible assets			203,653	225,003
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets			, -	994
	Increase in stocks			(35,131,709)	(18.110.203
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors			8,447,755	
	Decrease in creditors within one year			(684,575)	(1,783,915
	Net cash inflow from operating activities			6,065,642	9,091,567
2	Analysis of net debt	1 April 2012	Cash flow	Other non-	31 March 2013
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	83,701	44,442	_	128,143
	Bank overdrafts	(7,253,099)	(2,392,238)	_	(9,645,337
	Bank overdrans	(1,255,055)		<del></del>	
		(7,169,398)	(2,347,796)		(9,517,194 ————
	Bank deposits Debt	-	-	-	-
	Debts falling due within one year	(10,000,000)	(3,000,000)	-	(13,000,000
	Debts falling due after one year	(2,000,000)	1,000,000		(1,000,000
		(12,000,000)	(2,000,000)		(14,000,000
	Net debt	(19,169,398)	(4,347,796)	-	(23,517,194
t	Reconciliation of net cash flow to moveme	ent in net debt		2013	2012
				£	£
	(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year			(2,347,796)	430,520
	Cash (inflow)/outflow from (increase)/decreas	e in debt		(2,000,000)	1,000,000
	Movement in net debt in the year			(4,347,796)	1,430,520
	Opening net debt			(19,169,398)	(20,599,918
	Closing net debt			(23,517,194)	(19,169,398
	•				

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

### 1 Accounting policies

### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

### 1 2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated)

#### 13 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised upon sale of goods at which point the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer.

### 1 4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Improvements to premises
Fixtures, fittings & equipment

10% reducing balance 20% reducing balance 20% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

### 15 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### 16 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for slow moving items. As an expert in the field, the director, Mrs. A. Moussaieff, is responsible for providing a valuation for high value items.

### 17 Pensions

The costs of providing pension benefits are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred

### 18 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted

### 19 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

### 1 10 Debtors

Known bad debts are written off and provision is made for any considered to be doubtful

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Turnover		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Geographical market		
	United Kingdom	5,263,206	1,174,591
	Rest of the World	87,190,461 ————	82,166,775 ————
		92,453,667	83,341,366
	Turnover is the total amount, excluding value added tax, receivable by to course of business for goods supplied and services provided as a principal geographical market is provided above		
3	Operating profit	2013	2012
	•	£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	203,653	225,003
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets	-	994
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	932,360	701,402
	Operating lease rentals	1,805,426	1,818,865
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts	<u>17,500</u>	17,500
4	Interest payable	2013 £	2012 £
4	Interest payable		
4	Interest payable  On bank loans and overdrafts		
4		£	£
4	On bank loans and overdrafts	£ 545,523	£

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

5	Taxation			2013 £	2012 £
	Domestic current year tax				
	U K corporation tax			7,807,534	7,754,752
	Total current tax			7,807,534	7,754,752
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year			22 447 702	20 754 894
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation			32,417,703	29,751,081
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multip UK corporation tax of 24 00% (2012 - 26 00%)	lied by standard r	ate of	7,780,249	7,735,281
	Effects of				
	Non deductible expenses			10,786	4,786
	Depreciation add back			48,877	58,501
	Capital allowances			(32,378)	(43,816) ———
				27,285	19,471
	Current tax charge for the year			7,807,534	7,754,752
6	Tangible fixed assets	Improvements to premises	Fixtures, fittings &	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	equipment £		£
	Cost	~	۲.	~	~
	At 1 April 2012	2,411,813	1,574,688	56,060	4,042,561
	Additions	-	47,599	-	47,599
	At 31 March 2013	2,411,813	1,622,287	56,060	4,090,160
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2012	1,227,776	1,223,838	33,134	2,484,748
	Charge for the year	118,404	80,664	4,585	203,653
	At 31 March 2013	1,346,180	1,304,502	37,719	2,688,401
	Net book value				
	At 31 March 2013	1,065,633	317,785	18,341	1,401,759
	At 31 March 2012	1,184,037	350,850	22,926	1,557,813

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

7	Stocks	2013 £	2012 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	211,768,147	176,636,438
8	Debtors	2013 £	2012 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	6,796,995 615,548 823,647  8,236,190	15,403,343 738,117 542,485 ————————————————————————————————————
9	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs Directors' current accounts Amounts owed to Kevess S A Accruals and deferred income	22,645,337 5,288,270 12,562,285 140,974 40,121 3,790,761 741,665 45,209,413	4,897,359 14,307,775 120,111 35,457 3,903,757 1,729,682
	Debt due in one year or less	13,000,000	10,000,000

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by fixed and floating debentures on the assets of the company

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

10	Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Bank loans	1,000,000	2,000,000
	Analysis of loans  Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments	1,000,000	2,000,000
	Wholly repayable within five years	13,000,000	10,000,000
	Included in current liabilities	14,000,000 (13,000,000)	12,000,000 (10,000,000)
		1,000,000	2,000,000
	Loan maturity analysis In more than five years	1,000,000	2,000,000
11	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments Defined contribution		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	15,335	15,885
12	Share capital	2013 £	2012 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
13	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 April 2012 Profit for the year		150,704,657 24,610,169
	Balance at 31 March 2013		175,314,826

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2013 £	2012 £
	Profit for the financial year	24,610,169	21,996,329
	Opening shareholders' funds	150,714,657	128,718,328
	Closing shareholders' funds	175,324,826	150,714,657

### 15 Contingent liabilities

The company has contingent liabilities in respect of guarantees of £3,000,000 (2012 £4,500,000) given to HM Revenue and Customs

### 16 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2013 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 March 2014

		Land and buildings	
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Operating leases which expire		
	Within one year	-	100,000
	Between two and five years	925,000	450,000
	In over five years	825,000	825,000
		1,750,000	1,375,000
17	Directors' remuneration	2013 £	2012 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services	502,953	516,348
	Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director		
	Remuneration for qualifying services	262,703	276,098

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

### 18 Employees

### **Number of employees**

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was

•	2013 Number	2012 Number
Administration	20	19
Selling	19	19
	39	38
Employment costs	2013	2012
	£	£
Wages and salaries	3,387,304	3,138,126
Social security costs	439,427	399,933
Other pension costs	15,335	15,885
	3,842,066	3,553,944
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### 19 Control

The ultimate controlling party is Mrs A Moussaieff who owns all the ordinary share capital of the company

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

### 20 Related party transactions

There were no dividends paid during the year to the directors of the company in respect of ordinary shares (2012 £Nil)

During the year the company entered into the following material transactions with Kevess S A

	2013	2012
	£	£
Sales	20,453,397	8,374,713
Purchases	3,508,526	5,471,891

Kevess S A is a company registered in Switzerland of which Mr. S. Moussaieff and Mrs A. Moussaieff are directors and shareholders

Any balances outstanding with the above at the year end are shown in relevant notes

The directors have provided the company with an unlimited personal guarantee in respect of amounts due to Barclays Bank PLC

At the balance sheet date, the company owed £40,121 (2012 - £35,457) to A Moussaieff No interest is being charged on this amount

The company made no sales (2012 - £37,720) during the year to T Moussaieff, a daughter of the company directors